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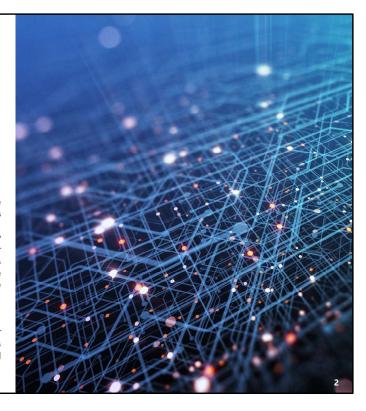
Forward-looking statements of the company in this presentation are based on information that was available at the time these documents were prepared.

There are several factors that directly or indirectly impact the company performance, such as the global economy; market conditions for FPDs, semiconductors, electronic devices, and raw materials; trends in capital expenditures and fluctuations in exchange rates. Please note that actual business results may differ significantly from these forecasts and future projections.

Note:

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Summary ULVAC 1. Orders received remained at a high level, with an increase (+37% YoY) in Semiconductor and Electronics, offsetting a reactionary decline in FPDs orders. Electronics : Significant increase due to strong orders of power devices, µOLEDs for AR/VR, etc. Semiconductors : Steady orders partly due to customer expansion in logic field. FPDs : OLED investment continues, despite a reactionary decline in LCD investment. Both sales and operating profit exceeded the same period of previous year. Y2021 1Q FY2022 1Q (Unit: ¥1 billion) 66.6 +1% Orders Received 66.3 47.4 56.2 **Net Sales** +18% **Operating Profit** 3.6 5.1 +43%

Orders received in 1Q remained high at 66.6 billion yen, with a 37% increase in Semiconductor and Electronics YoY, offsetting a YoY decline in FPDs orders.

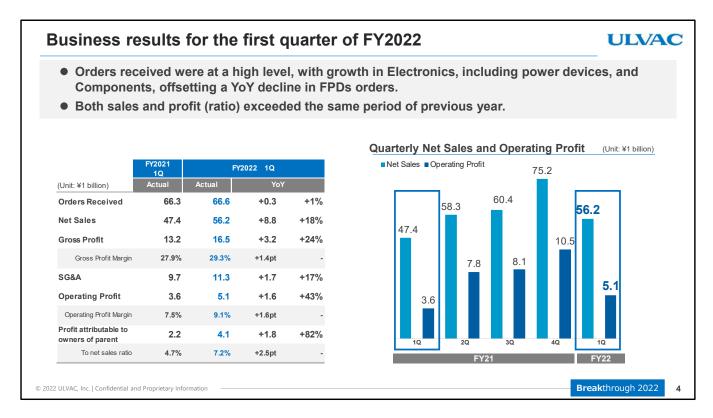
Orders for Electronics increased significantly, especially due to active investments for power devices in China and Japan, as well as μ OLED for AR/VR.

Orders for semiconductor-related equipment were also strong, partly due to the expansion of new customers in the Logic field.

In FPDs, there was a reactionary decline in LCD investment, but OLED investment continued.

Net sales increased 18% to 56.2 billion yen and operating profit increased 43% to 5.1 billion yen, both higher YoY.

Breakthrough 2022



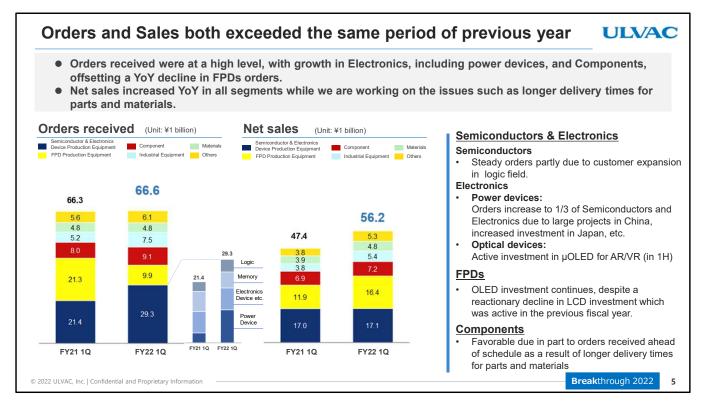
Orders in 1Q remained high at 66.6 billion yen, with growth in Electronics, including power devices, and Components as well, offsetting the reactionary decline in FPDs orders YoY.

Net sales increased 8.8 billion yen to 56.2 billion yen from 47.4 billion yen YoY.

Operating profit increased by 1.6 billion yen from 3.6 billion yen to 5.1 billion yen.

Profit attributable to owners of parent also increased by 1.8 billion yen from 2.2 billion yen to 4.1 billion yen.

All figures were higher YoY.



The graph on the left shows the orders received YoY.

Semiconductors and Electronics grew significantly from 21.4 billion yen to 29.3 billion yen.

Memory-related investment has currently being restrained, and some projects have been postponed to the second half of the fiscal year.

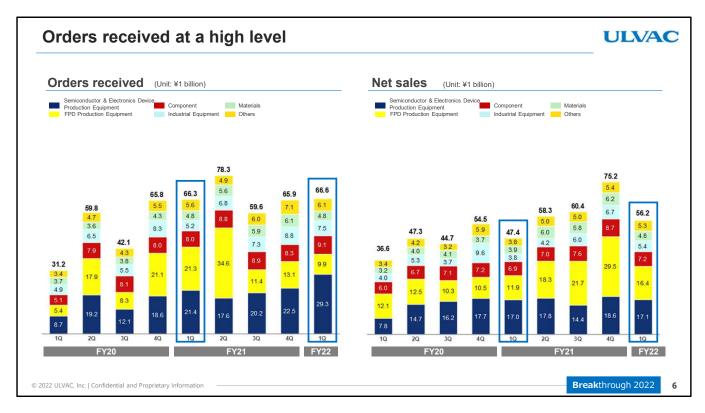
Logic increased YoY partly due to orders from new customers in the analog field.

Power devices increased to about 1/3 of Semiconductors and Electronics segment due to large orders in China as well as increased investment in Japan. In addition, investment in μ OLED for AR/VR has been recently active in Japan, and orders for Electronics devices remained at a high level.

As the trend of longer delivery times for parts and materials continued, Components performed well, partly due to orders received ahead of schedule.

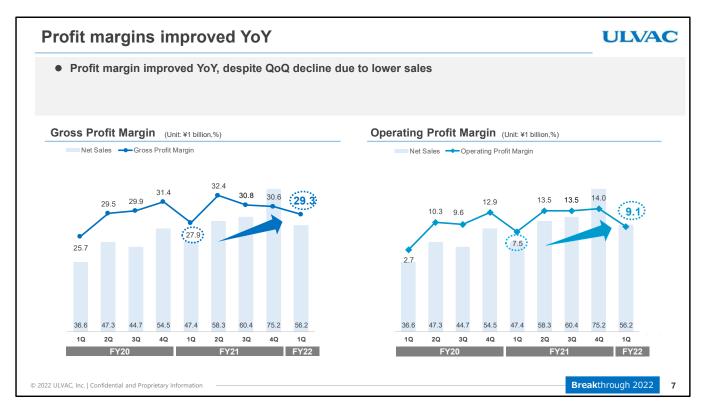
Orders for FPDs declined due to a decline in investment in LCDs for IT panels used in tablets and PCs, which had been active in the previous fiscal year, but were offset by Semiconductors & Electronics and Components, resulting as the same level YoY in orders received.

Sales were higher YoY for all segments, although sales were lower for Semiconductors and Electronics, etc. relative to the high level of orders received, due to longer delivery times for parts and materials.



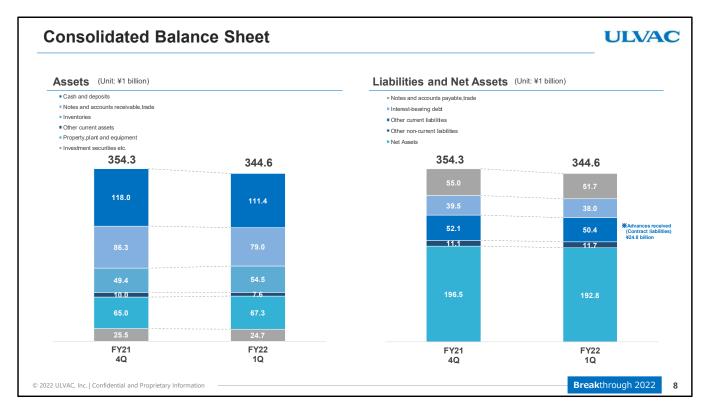
Net sales were low, because a project originally scheduled in the 1Q was accepted earlier due to a request from the client, and sales were recorded in the previous 4Q.

Net sales are expected to be around 65 billion yen from 2Q onward, supported by a high level of orders received, and the annual sales plan of 250 billion yen is not expected to change.

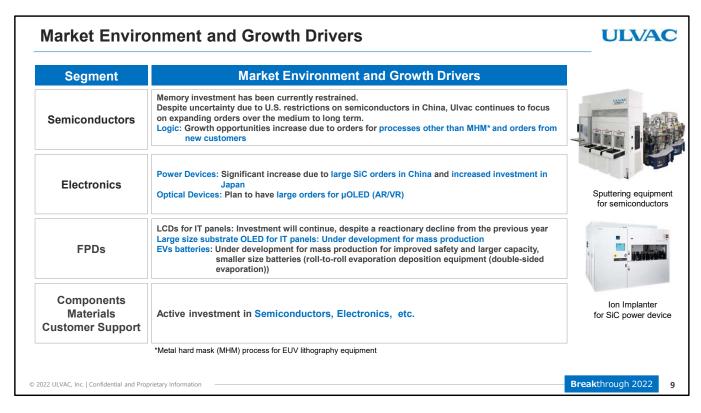


Gross and operating profit margins decreased QoQ due to a 19 billion yen decrease in net sales from 75.2 billion yen to 56.2 billion yen, but improved YoY.

We aim to achieve the profit margin target from 2Q onward through (1) Increase of sales, (2) Improved segment mix due to the sales increase of Semiconductors and Electronics, (3) gradual recovery of efforts to strengthen manufacturing capabilities since the problem of long delivery lead times for parts is expected to ease gradually in the second half of the year.



Cash and deposits on the balance sheet includes advances received for FPDs and others of 24.8 billion yen and the preparation for increased working capital requirements as the company's business portfolio shifts its weight from FPDs to Semiconductor and Electronics, increased sales, and uncertain global conditions.



In the semiconductor memory industry, investment has been currently restrained, and some investment has been postponed to the second half of the year. However, opportunities for new process entry are also expanding and our efforts to increase market share are ongoing.

We are still confirming and verifying the U.S. actions to tighten regulations on Chinese semiconductors, though our existing business is not that large comparing to competitors. In the near future, there is uncertainty about the newly expected expansion of business in China.

As for Logic, in addition to the MHM process, we have also received orders for processes other than MHM and although the amount is not yet that large, we expect it would contribute to the orders increase in the next fiscal year and onward. In addition, new business with analog semiconductor manufacturers have started, and other growth seeds are expanding that will lead to an increase in orders over the medium to long term.

Orders for power devices increased significantly due to large SiC orders from China as well as increased investment by Japanese power device companies. Orders related to electronics devices are also at a high level, including orders for large investments in µOLED for AR/VR.

In FPDs, this year will be a transitional period due to a reactionary decline in investment in LCDs for IT panels.

With the development of mass production for G8.5-class large size substrate OLEDs for IT panels and large-capacity & miniaturization of EVs batteries in progress, we expect orders and sales to recover in the next fiscal year and onward.

Quarterly Business Results



| | FY2021 | | | | FY2022 | | |
|---|--------|-------|-------|-------|--------|--------------|-----------------|
| (Unit: ¥1 billion) | 1Q | 2Q | 3Q | 4Q | 1Q | Yo Amount | Y Percentage |
| Orders Received | 66.3 | 78.3 | 59.6 | 65.9 | 66.6 | +0.3 | +1% |
| Net Sales | 47.4 | 58.3 | 60.4 | 75.2 | 56.2 | +8.8 | +18% |
| Gross Profit | 13.2 | 18.9 | 18.6 | 23.0 | 16.5 | +3.2 | +24% |
| Gross Profit Margin | 27.9% | 32.4% | 30.8% | 30.6% | 29.3% | +1.4pt | - |
| SG&A | 9.7 | 11.0 | 10.5 | 12.5 | 11.3 | +1.7 | +17% |
| Operating Profit | 3.6 | 7.8 | 8.1 | 10.5 | 5.1 | +1.6 | +43% |
| Operating Profit Margin | 7.5% | 13.5% | 13.5% | 14.0% | 9.1% | +1.6pt | - |
| Profit attributable to owners of parent | 2.2 | 5.9 | 5.6 | 6.4 | 4.1 | +1.8 | +82% |
| To net sales ratio | 4.7% | 10.1% | 9.3% | 8.6% | 7.2% | +2.5pt | - |

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